Winter Vacation Home Work Class-6th

WORKSHEET OF SCIENCE:

General Instructions for Students:

- Revise **Chapters 7–12** thoroughly before attempting the worksheet.
- Focus on understanding concepts and their real-life applications.
- Read each question carefully and answer as per the requirement.
- Write clear, brief answers for short questions and detailed explanations for long answers.
- Attempt all questions independently.

Section A: Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs)

1. The instrument used to measure human body temperature is:

   a) Laboratory thermometer
   b) Clinical thermometer
   c) Barometer
   d) Hygrometer

2. Ice changes into water due to:

   a) Freezing
   b) Condensation
   c) Melting
   d) Evaporation

3. Which method is used to separate sand from water?

   a) Winnowing
   b) Threshing
   c) Filtration
   d) Sieving

4. Which of the following is a characteristic of living beings?

   a) Do not grow
   b) Need food
   c) Do not respond
   d) Never change

5. Coal and petroleum are:

   a) Renewable resources
   b) Artificial resources
   c) Inexhaustible resources
   d) Non-renewable resources

6. The Sun is a:

   a) Planet
   b) Satellite
   c) Star
   d) Asteroid

Section B: Fill in the Blanks

1. Temperature tells us how _____ or _____ an object is.
2. The change of water vapour into water droplets is called _____.
3. Winnowing is used to separate _____ particles from heavier ones.
4. All living beings respond to _____.
5. Forests help in preventing _____ erosion.
6. The Moon is a natural _____ of the Earth.

Section C: Assertion–Reason Questions

Directions: Choose the correct option:

- a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
- b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
- c) A is true but R is false
- d) A is false but R is true

1. **A.** A clinical thermometer should not be used to measure boiling water.
   R. A clinical thermometer has a limited temperature range.

2. **A**. Water vapour changes into water on cooling.
   R. Cooling causes condensation.

3. **A**. Winnowing helps to separate lighter particles from heavier ones.
   R. Wind blows away lighter particles.

4. **A.** Plants are living beings.
   R. Plants show growth and respond to stimuli.

5. **A.** Forests help maintain ecological balance.
   R. Forests provide habitat and prevent soil erosion.

6. **A**. The Moon shines with its own light.
   R. The Moon reflects sunlight.

Section D: Short Answer Questions

1. Why should a thermometer be shaken before use?
2. Name any two states of water found in nature.
3. Why is sieving used in flour mills?
4. You feel unwell and want to check your body temperature at home. Why is a clinical thermometer suitable for this purpose and not a laboratory thermometer?
5. 2. Ice cubes are kept in a bowl outside the refrigerator and after some time water is seen at the bottom. Which change of state has occurred and why?
6. 3. While preparing tea, tea leaves are separated from the liquid. Which method of separation is used here and why is it suitable?
7. 4. A dog runs away when it hears a loud cracker sound. Which characteristic of living beings is shown in this situation?
8. 5. Farmers grow trees around fields to protect soil. How do trees help in preventing soil loss?
9. 6. During a solar eclipse, the Moon comes between the Sun and the Earth. What does this tell us about the movement of celestial bodies?

Section E: Long Answer Questions

1. Explain the different states of water and the changes between them with examples.
2. Describe any three methods of separation used in everyday life.
3. List and explain any four characteristics of living beings.
4. Why are forests called nature's treasures? Explain with points.
5. Describe the solar system and its main components.
6. A nurse measures the temperature of two patients—one using a clinical thermometer and the other using a laboratory thermometer. Explain which thermometer is suitable for measuring body temperature and why.
7. Explain with examples how evaporation is useful in daily life. Mention at least three situations where evaporation helps us.
8. A mixture of rice, small stones, and husk is brought from the field. Explain step-by-step how each component can be separated using suitable methods.
9. A potted plant kept near a window grows healthier than one kept in a dark room. Explain this observation using characteristics of living beings.
10. Describe how forests act as nature's treasures for humans and animals. Explain their role in maintaining environmental balance.
11. Suppose the Earth stopped revolving around the Sun but continued rotating on its axis. Explain any two major changes that would occur on Earth.

Section F: Case Study / Competency-Based Questions

1) Riya washed her school uniform and hung it outside on a windy day. The clothes dried faster than usual.

a) Which process is responsible for drying clothes?
b) Why does wind speed up this process?

2) A farmer separates grains from husk using traditional methods.
a) Name the method used.
b) On what principle does this method work?

3) A seed kept in a dark cupboard did not germinate, but another seed kept in sunlight grew into a plant.
a) Which conditions are required for germination?
b) Why is sunlight important for plants?

4) During a space quiz, a student said that the Moon does not produce its own light.
a) Is the statement correct?
b) From where does the Moon get its light?

5) Aarav measured the temperature of cold water using a thermometer. After some time, he placed the same thermometer in warm water without shaking it. He observed incorrect readings.

a) Why did Aarav get incorrect readings?

b) What precaution should be taken before using a thermometer?

c) Name the type of thermometer suitable for measuring high temperatures.

6) In winter, water droplets are seen on the outer surface of a steel tumbler filled with cold water.

a) Identify the process responsible for the formation of water droplets.

b) Where do these droplets come from?

c) Why are such droplets not seen on hot water tumblers?

7) A mixture contains salt, sand, and iron filings. A student is asked to separate all three components.

a) Name the first method used to separate iron filings.

b) Which method will separate sand from salt solution?

c) How will salt finally be obtained?

8) A potted plant was kept in a closed room for many days. The leaves turned yellow and growth stopped.

a) Which life process is affected here?

b) Name two factors responsible for the poor growth of the plant.

c) How can the plant be revived?

9) Astronauts experience weightlessness inside a spacecraft even though Earth's gravity is present.

a) Name the force acting on the astronauts.

b) Why do they still feel weightless?

c) What would happen if the spacecraft stopped moving suddenly?

★ **Revise chapters 7–12 thoroughly.**

MATHS WORKSHEET

SECTION - A

Q.1 The sum of two prime numbers is always:

a)Even.　　　b)Odd.　　c)Prime.　　　d)None of these

Q.2 Which of the following pairs is co-prime?

a)20 and 24

b)5 and 16

c)30 and 45

d)28 and 35

Q.3 How many factors does 100 have?

a)5

b)9

c)10

d)12

Q.4 What is the greatest common factor of 15 and 30?

a)15

b)10

c)5

d)20

Q.5 If the side of a square is 5 cm, what is its perimeter?

a)20 cm

b)10 cm

c)15 cm

d)25 cm

Q.6 The perimeter of a triangle with sides 3 cm, 4 cm, and 5 cm is:

a)10 cm

b)12 cm

c)14 cm

d)9 cm

Q.7 Which fraction is smaller: 1/5 or 1/2?

a)1/5

b)1/2

Q.8 What is the sum of 1/6 and 1/3?

a)1/9

b)2/9

c)1/2

d)3/6

Q.9 What is the value of - 4 - (- 2)?

a)-6

b)-2

c)+2

d)+6

Q.10 What is the result of subtracting 3 from -2?

a)1

b)-1

c)-5

d)5

SECTION - B

SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS

1.Find out other such numbers that are multiples of both 3 and 5. These numbers are called ____ .

2.The numbers which are not multiples of 2 are known as _____.

3.What is the prime factorization of 729?

4.Find three prime numbers, all less than 50, whose product is 2310.

5.The big fish weighs 1/2 kg. The small one weighs 1/4 kg. Together they weigh ____ kg.

6.How many fractions lie between 0 and 1?

7.How many whole units are there in 4/3 and in 7/3?

8.Write the following mixed numbers as fractions:

a. $3\frac{1}{4}$ b. $7\frac{2}{3}$ c. $9\frac{4}{9}$ d. $3\frac{1}{6}$ e. $2\frac{3}{11}$ f. $3\frac{9}{10}$

9.. Simplify :

(i) $(-50) + (-200) - (-500)$

(ii) $23 - (-15) + 12$

SECTIONS - C

LONG ANSWER QUESTIONS

1.What is the smallest number whose prime factorization has:

a. Three different prime numbers?

b. Four different prime numbers?

2. Find all the multiples of 13 up to 100.

3. Write seven consecutive composite numbers less than 100 so that there is no prime number between them.

4. A square-shaped playground has a side length of 150 m. The cost of fencing the playground is ₹12 per meter. What will be the total cost of fencing?

5. A rectangular parking area is 120 m long and 60 m wide. If each car requires 20 sq. m of space, what is the maximum number of cars that can be parked in the area?

6. Find the total distance covered by an athlete in taking 2 rounds of a rectangular park of length 150 m and breadth 80 m.

7. The length of a rectangular park is 50 m and its area is 650 m2. Find its breadth**.**

8. A farmer has 6 kg of rice divided equally into 4 bags. What is the amount of rice in each bag?

9. Draw a picture and write an addition statement to show:

(a) 5 times 1/4 of a roti

(b) 9 times 1/4 of a roti

10. Draw a square with a side length of 5 cm using a compass and ruler

11. In a bank, the balance of an account is recorded.

A) John has a balance of ₹500 in his account. He withdraws ₹200. What is his new balance?

B) Then, he deposits ₹150 into his account. What is his balance now?

C) After that, he withdraws ₹100. What is his final balance?

12. Subtract -8 from +3 using a number line. Show the process and the final result.

Subject:IT

Short question/answer

Q1. What are the three main components of a Mail Merge?
Q2. Which feature in Excel allows you to automatically fill a series of data like numbers or dates?
Q3. What is the full form of VIRUS?
Q4. Name one way to protect a computer from virus attacks?
Q5.What symbol must every formula in Excel begin with to be recognized as a calculation?
Q6. Which tab in MS Word contains the Mail Merge options?
Q7. What is the "Stage" in Flash?
Q8. What is a "Trojan Horse"?

Q9. How does a computer virus usually spread?

Q10. What does the acronym "URL" stand for in the context of web addresses?

Fill in the Blanks

1. In Mail Merge, the document that contains the common text to be sent to all recipients is called the _____.

2. The list that contains the names and addresses of all recipients in a mail merge is known as the _____.

3. In MS Excel, the horizontal bar at the top of the worksheet that displays the data or formula of the active cell is the _____.

4. To copy the formatting of one cell and apply it to another in Excel, we use the _____ tool.

5. In Adobe Flash, the area where you create and arrange visual elements for your animation is called the _____.

6. The _____ in Flash organizes and controls a movie's content over time using layers and frames.

7. The _____ tool in Flash allows you to draw freehand lines and shapes as if you were using a real pen.

8. A _____ is a malicious program designed to disrupt computer operations and spread to other files.

9. The full form of VIRUS is Vital Information Resources Under _____.

10. To protect a computer from infections, we should install and regularly update_____ software.

MCQ(MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS)

1. Which tab in MS Word 2013 contains the options to start a Mail Merge?
- A) Insert
- B) Page Layout
- C) Mailings
- D) Review

2. In Mail Merge, the file that contains the list of names and addresses is called the:
- A) Main Document
- B) Data Source
- C) Form Letter
- D) Merge Field

3. What is the maximum row height in MS Excel?
- A) 100 points
- B) 409 points
- C) 255 points
- D) 500 points

4. Which button is used to combine multiple cells into a single large cell?
- A) Wrap Text
- B) Merge & Center
- C) AutoSum
- D) Format Painter

5. What is the default size (dimensions) of the Stage in Flash CS3?
- A) 800 x 600 pixels
- B) 1024 x 768 pixels
- C) 550 x 400 pixels
- D) 640 x 480 pixels

6. Which feature in Flash allows you to organize and control a movie's content over time?
- A) Property Inspector
- B) Tools Panel
- C) Timeline
- D) Library

7. A _____ is a frame where you define a change in an animation.
- A) Blank Frame
- B) Keyframe

- C) Motion Frame
- D) Transition Frame

8. What does the acronym VIRUS stand for?
- A) Very Important Resource Under System
- B) Vital Information Resources Under Siege
- C) Vital Information Record User System
- D) Various Input Record Unit System

9. Which of the following is an example of an antivirus program?
- A) Creeper
- B) Code Red
- C) Quick Heal
- D) Trojan Horse

10. How can a computer virus spread from one computer to another?
- A) Through contaminated food
- B) Using an infected Pen Drive
- C) Through the monitor screen
- D) By turning the computer off

Short question/answer

1. What is Mail Merge and its components?
2. How do you protect a computer from viruses?
3. What is the "Stage" and "Timeline" in Flash?
4. What are Trojan Horses and how do viruses spread?
5. What is the role of the Formula Bar and AutoFill in Excel?

NOTE: Revise question/ answer and book exercises of chapter 4, chapter 5, chapter 8, chapter 9 and chapter 10
And also solve the shared worksheet

English Worksheet

1. **Identify the adverb in each sentence and write its type (manner, time, place, frequency, degree)**

   a. She sings beautifully.
   b. He will arrive tomorrow.
   c. The children are playing outside.
   d. I usually eat breakfast at 7 am.
   e. The soup is very hot.
   f. They whispered quietly in the library.
   g. We visited the museum yesterday.
   h. He often goes for a walk in the evening.
   i. The dog ran fast.
   j. She was extremely happy with her results.
   k. She spoke politely to the teacher.
   l. We will go to the park tomorrow.
   m. The baby is sleeping upstairs.
   n. He rarely eats junk food.
   o. The movie was extremely exciting.
   p. The students answered the questions correctly.
   q. I saw her yesterday at the mall.
   s. They usually play football on Saturdays.
   t. The rabbit ran quickly across the garden.
   u. She was very tired after the long journey.

2. Rewrite the sentences with correct punctuation.

   a. what time is it
   b. I have a cat a dog and a rabbit
   c. Wow that is amazing
   d. Its raining outside
   e. she asked can I come with you
   f. My moms birthday is in July
   g. He said I will be there soon
   h. I like pizza chocolate and ice cream

3. Revise Poorvi (Unit 3, Unit 4, and Unit 5).

SOCIAL SCIENCE (SST)

General Instructions:

All questions are compulsory
Read each question carefully before answering.
Use simple language and complete sentences.
Long answer questions should be written in detail.

Chapter 2: Oceans and Continents

A. MCQs

Which is the largest ocean in the world?
(a) Indian Ocean
(b) Atlantic Ocean
(c) Pacific Ocean
(d) Arctic Ocean
How many continents are there in the world?
(a) Five
(b) Six
(c) Seven
(d) Eight

B. Fill in the Blanks

_____ is the largest ocean in the world.
_____ is the smallest continent.

C. True or False

1.Asia is the largest continent. ( )
2.Oceans cover less area than continents. ( )

E. Short Questions

1.Name any four continents of the world.
2.Write two differences between oceans and continents.

F. Very Short Answer Questions

1.Name the smallest continent.
2.Name the ocean surrounding India.

G. Long Answer Question

1.Describe the major oceans of the world

Chapter 3: Landforms and Life

A. MCQs

1.Which landform is known as the "food basket" of the world?
(a) Mountains
(b) Plateaus
(c) Plains
(d) Deserts
2.Which landform has steep slopes and high peaks?
(a) Plains

(b) Plateaus
(c) Mountains
(d) Valleys
B. Fill in the Blanks
1._____ is an important concept from this chapter.
2._____ plays an important role in our life/society.
C. True or False
1.The statements given in this chapter are based on real facts. ( )
2.This chapter helps us understand our surroundings better. ( )
E.Short Questions
1.How do plains help human life?
2.Write two features of mountains.
F. Very Short Answer Questions
1.Name one type of landform.
2.Which landform is rich in minerals?
G. Long Answer Question
1.Explain how different landforms affect human life.

Chapter 4: Timeline and Process of History
A. MCQs
A timeline helps us to understand:
(a) Geography
(b) Order of events
(c) Climate
(d) Maps
Which source is written by people of the past?
(a) Coins
(b) Buildings
(c) Manuscripts
(d) Tools
B. Fill in the Blanks
1._____ is an important concept from this chapter.
2._____ plays an important role in our life/society.
C. True or False
1.The statements given in this chapter are based on real facts. ( )
2.This chapter helps us understand our surroundings better. ( )
E. Short Questions
1.What is history?
2.Why is a timeline important?
F. Very Short Answer Questions (2)
1.Name one source of history.
2.What do we study in history?

G. Long Answer Question (1)

1.Explain the different sources of history.

Chapter 6: The Beginning of Indian Civilization
A. MCQs

1.Which civilization developed along the Indus River?
(a) Mesopotamian
(b) Indus Valley
(c) Egyptian
(d) Chinese
2.Which material was commonly used to make houses in the Indus Valley Civilization?
(a) Wood
(b) Mud bricks
(c) Stones
(d) Leaves
B. Fill in the Blanks

1._____ is an important concept from this chapter.
2._____ plays an important role in our life/society.
C. True or False

1.The statements given in this chapter are based on real facts. ( )
2.This chapter helps us understand our surroundings better. ( )
E. Short Questions

1.Name two important cities of the Indus Valley Civilization.
2.Write two features of town planning in the Indus Valley Civilization.
F. Very Short Answer Questions

1.Name the river associated with the Indus Valley Civilization.
2.Who studies ancient remains?
G. Long Answer Question

1.Describe the life of people in the Indus Valley Civilization.

Chapter 11: Grassroot Democracy – Local Government in Rural Areas
A. MCQs

1.Which is the smallest unit of rural local government?
(a) Zila Parishad
(b) Panchayat Samiti
(c) Gram Panchayat
(d) Municipality
2.Who is the head of the Gram Panchayat?
(a) Sarpanch
(b) Mayor
(c) Governor
(d) Collector

B. Fill in the Blanks

_____ is an important concept from this chapter.

_____ plays an important role in our life/society.

C. True or False

The statements given in this chapter are based on real facts. ( )

This chapter helps us understand our surroundings better. ( )

E. Short Questions

What is Gram Sabha?

Write two functions of the Gram Panchayat.

F. Very Short Answer Questions

Name the head of Gram Panchayat.

Rural local government works in which areas?

G. Long Answer Question

Explain the three-tier system of rural local government.

Chapter 12: Grassroot Democracy – Local Government in Urban Areas

A. MCQs

Who is the head of a Municipal Corporation?

(a) Sarpanch

(b) Mayor

(c) MLA

(d) MP

Urban local government works in:

(a) Villages

(b) Forests

(c) Cities and towns

(d) Deserts

B. Fill in the Blanks

_____ is an important concept from this chapter.

_____ plays an important role in our life/society.

C. True or False

The statements given in this chapter are based on real facts. ( )

This chapter helps us understand our surroundings better. ( )

E. Short Questions

Write two functions of urban local government.

What is a Municipal Corporation?

F. Very Short Answer Questions

Name the head of a municipality.

Which local body looks after big cities?

G. Long Answer Question

Describe the structure of urban local government.

Chapter 14: Economic Activities Around Us
A. MCQs
1.Which of the following is a primary activity?
(a) Farming
(b) Teaching
(c) Banking
(d) Trading
2.Which activity provides services to people?
(a) Primary
(b) Secondary
(c) Tertiary
(d) Manufacturing
B. Fill in the Blanks
1._____ is an important concept from this chapter.
2._____ plays an important role in our life/society.
C. True or False
1.The statements given in this chapter are based on real facts. ( )
2.This chapter helps us understand our surroundings better. ( )
E. Short Questions
1.What are economic activities?
2.Write two examples of secondary activities.
F. Very Short Answer Questions
1.Name one tertiary activity.
2.Which activity involves manufacturing goods?
G. Long Answer Question
1.Explain the three types of economic activities with examples

H. Match Column A with Column B:

Column A	Column B
1. Pacific Ocean	a. Largest ocean
2. Plains	b. Suitable for farming
3. Timeline	c. Order of historical events
4. Indus Valley Civilization	d. Ancient civilization of India
5. Gram Panchayat	e. Rural local government
6. Mayor	f. Head of urban local government
7. Farming	g. Primary economic activity

MAP Work

1.On an outline map of India, neatly mark and label the following:

Indus River
Arabian Sea
Bay of Bengal
Thar Desert
Vindhya Range

2. **On an outline map of India, neatly mark and label the following:**

Pakistan, Afghanistan, China, Nepal, Bhutan, Bangladesh

HINDI HOMEWORK

हिंदी साहित्य

पाठ 1

पाठ 8

पाठ 9

पाठ 12

पाठ 13 के प्रश्न उत्तर याद करो।

हिंदी व्याकरण

1.

रचनात्मक गतिविधि

(च) निम्नलिखित कहानी में आए सर्वनाम शब्दों को छाँटिए तथा उनका भेद भी बताइए।

जंगल में बरगद का एक घना पेड़ था। उस पर एक बया पक्षी का घोंसला था। बया पक्षी अपने घोंसले में सुख-चैन से रहता था।

एक बार जाड़े के मौसम में एक बंदर उस पेड़ पर आया। बंदर ठंड के मारे काँप रहा था। बया ने उसकी यह दशा देखी। उसने बंदर से कहा, "भाई, आप भी अपने लिए एक घर क्यों नहीं बना लेते? देखो, मैं अपने घोंसले में कितने आराम से बैठा हूँ। मुझे ज़रा भी ठंड नहीं लग रही।"

बया ने बंदर को अच्छी सलाह दी थी, परंतु बंदर को वह बुरी लगी। उसे लगा कि बया उसके सामने अपनी शेखी बघार रहा है। उसने क्रोध में आकर बया का घोंसला नष्ट कर दिया।

सर्वनाम	भेद		सर्वनाम	भेद
_____	_____		_____	_____
_____	_____		_____	_____
_____	_____		_____	_____
_____	_____		_____	_____
_____	_____		_____	_____
_____	_____		_____	_____

2. निम्नलिखित मुहावरों को अपनी अभ्यास पुस्तिका में लिखो और याद करो।

1.आँखों का तारा

अर्थ: बहुत प्रिय

वाक्य: छोटा भाई माँ-पापा की आँखों का तारा है।

2.दाँत खट्टे करना

अर्थ: बुरी तरह हराना

वाक्य: हमारी टीम ने विरोधी टीम के दाँत खट्टे कर दिए।

3.नाक कटना

अर्थ: अपमान होना

वाक्य: नकल करते पकड़े जाने पर उसकी नाक कट गई।

4.पसीना छूटना

अर्थ: बहुत कठिनाई होना

वाक्य: कठिन प्रश्न देखकर छात्रों का पसीना छूट गया।

5.आसमान सिर पर उठाना

अर्थ: बहुत शोर मचाना

वाक्य: बच्चों ने खेलते समय आसमान सिर पर उठा लिया।

6.हाथ पर हाथ धरे रहना

अर्थ: कुछ न करना

वाक्य: संकट के समय हाथ पर हाथ धरे रहना ठीक नहीं।

7 रंगे हाथ पकड़ा जाना

अर्थ: करते समय पकड़ा जाना

वाक्य: चोर चोरी करते हुए रंगे हाथ पकड़ा गया।

8.दिल लगाना

अर्थ: प्रेम या रुचि होना

वाक्य: उसे पढ़ाई में दिल लगाना चाहिए।

9.मुँह की खाना

अर्थ: हार जाना

वाक्य: घमंड करने वाला अंत में मुँह की खा गया।

10.कान भरना

अर्थ: गलत बातें कहना

वाक्य: किसी ने गुरुजी के कान भर दिए।

प्रश्न 3.सही मुहावरा चुनकर रिक्त स्थान भरें।

रवि अपनी बहन का ____ है।

वह परीक्षा में फेल होने पर बहुत शर्मिंदा हुआ, जैसे कि उसकी ____ हो गई।

वह काम करने में आलसी था, बस ____।

मेले में बच्चों को बहुत कम मिठाई मिली, बिल्कुल ____।

उसकी चालाकी से सबको लगा कि उसमें ____ है।

लड़कों ने उसके साथ वैसा ही व्यवहार किया, ____।

परियोजना को बिना नुकसान किए पूरा करना मुश्किल था, लेकिन उसने ____ किया।

उसने अपनी गलती से अपने ही व्यापार को नुकसान पहुँचाया, अर्थात ____।

कठिन परिस्थितियों में और समस्याएँ बढ़ गईं, ____।

उसे सबके सामने अपमानित किया गया, मतलब उसकी ____ हुई।

वह काम बार-बार कर रहा था, लेकिन कुछ नहीं बदल रहा, ____।

मेहनत के बाद छोटा ही लाभ मिला, ____।

जिम्मेदारी लेने से बचने के लिए उसने ____ किया।

अंधा बांटे रेवड़ी, इसका मतलब है ____।

मिठाई देखकर बच्चों के ____ आ गए।

प्रश्न 3 विशेषण किसे कहते हैं उदाहरण सहित याद करो और नीचे दी गई रचनात्मक गतिविधि को पूरा कीजिए।

6. उस लड़क। का घर पास पुराना।

(छ) दिए गए वाक्यों में से विशेषण और प्रविशेषण को छाँटकर अलग कीजिए।

	प्रविशेषण	विशेषण
1. मेरा घर बहुत बड़ा है।	_____	_____
2. करेला बेहद कड़वा होता है।	_____	_____
3. रमा के बाल बहुत घने हैं।	_____	_____
4. मैं सबसे ऊपरी मंजिल में रहती हूँ।	_____	_____
5. यह अधिक चौड़ी सड़क है।	_____	_____
6. मुझे ज्यादा ठंडा पानी मत देना।		

रचनात्मक गतिविधि

(ज) दिए गए विशेष्य शब्दों के लिए उचित विशेषण लिखिए।

1. _____ चाय   2. _____ आसमान
3. _____ कौआ   4. _____ कपड़ा
5. _____ टमाटर   6. _____ विद्यालय
7. _____ घर   8. _____ भवन
9. _____ विद्यार्थी   10. _____ वृक्ष
11. _____ कमीज़   12. _____ गायक
13. _____ आटा   14. _____ केले

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प्रश्न 4. नीचे दिए गए वाक्यों में कारक का भेद और उसका विभक्ति चिन्ह पहचानिए।

1 राम ने गेंद फेंकी।

2. सीता को किताब दी गई।

3. मोहन से मुझे सहायता मिली।

4. बच्चा माँ का कहना मानता है।

5.वह स्कूल में पढ़ता है।

6.हम सब घर पर इकट्ठा हुए।

7.किसान खेत से लौट आया।

8.शिक्षक ने पाठ समझाया।

9.गीता को पुरस्कार मिला।

10.पेड़ पर पक्षी बैठे हैं।

<center>संस्कृत गृहकार्य</center>

१. मम परिचयः

मम दिनचर्या लिख कार तैयार करें